GARR-CERT

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TF-CSIRT Meeting
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GARR-CERT

- The CSIRT of the GARR Network
  - active since June 1999;
  - a GARR service temporarily managed by the Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare (INFN).

- Constituency
  - all the Italian Academic and public Research Institutions connected to the GARR Network.


- TI “Level 2” team.
The GARR Network

- **International Links (155 and 622 Mbps):**
  - Milan-Frankfurt (Ten-155): 155 Mbps;
  - Milan-Geneva (Ten-155): 155 Mbps;

- **Backbone (155 Mbps):**
  - fully meshed between the 4 transport nodes:
    - Milan, Bologna, Rome and Naples.

- **Other links (2÷155 Mbps):**
  - from local access points (≈ 300) to the transport nodes.

- **Peering with private ISPs:**
  - Milan (MIX);
  - Rome (RIX).

- **10915 C Classes.**
Mission Statement

• To assist constituency in:
  - implementing proactive measures to reduce the risk of computer security incidents;
  - responding to such incidents when they occur.
• To diffuse information on common vulnerabilities, trends, etc..
• To raise awareness of security problems.
Proactive Activities

• Organization of technical meetings;
• scans (on demand):
  – port and vulnerability (nmap, nessus, SARA, etc.);
• checks (weekly):
  – incidents temporarily closed (filtered nodes);
  – ex open mail relay;
• ORBS database (monthly).
Human Resources

• Members
  - operative kernel: 4 (2 full time, 1 for alerts);
  - “Liaison officers” and experts: 4.

• Site security contacts (≈ 250)
  - Access Point Managers (APMs);
  - main interlocutors: they receive all the mails sent to the site;
  - enormous differences between them in competence.

• Hours of activity:
  - Mon-Fri, 8:00-17:00
External Interface

- Web server (http://www.cert.garr.it/)
  - documents;
  - alerts;
  - incident reporting form;
  - laws.
- FTP Server (on demand)
  - only for uploads of incident-related data (logs, programs, etc.);
  - files are immediately moved to “internal” machines.
- Mailing lists:
  - cert@garr.it (abuse@garr.it)
    - GARR-CERT members are the subscribers;
  - apm@garr.it
    - the site security contacts are the subscribers;
  - sicurezza@garr.it
    - security alerts and communications of general interest;
    - open to everyone (not only constituency).
- All mails sent are (PGP-)signed with the personal key of the sender;
  - the team key is used to sign pages on the web server and for incoming encrypted mail.
Internal Interface

- Access restricted to the machines of the operative kernel.
- Incidents Database (**MySQL**)
  - dates, nodes, status, priority, e-mails, logs;
  - statistical data:
    - type (primary & secondary), hardware, OS, exploit (**CVE** when available), damages, tools.
- Internal web server (**Apache** + **mod_ssl** + **php**)
  - incident management;
  - list of contacts, templates, etc..
- Repository of incident-related data:
  - online until analysis is complete and incident closed;
  - on CD-ROM afterwards.
- Home-made procedures (60% php, 39% perl, 1% C).
Incident Opening

• An incident
  - involves a GARR node;
  - implies a violation of some “rule” (laws, AUPs, netiquette);

• When:
  - each report received if obeys the rules above and not blatantly false (e.g. a GARR node found in a faked spam mail header): the report is kept in every case;
  - log analysis (e.g. passwords in a sniffer log);
  - proactive checks (old incidents, ORBS).

• Incidents are stored in the database, classified and prioritized (RFC2350):
  - one unique code (date + progressive number) for each couple victim-attacker (node or network).

• E-mails are sent to all the involved parties
  - except automatic mail from SpamCop and similar.
Incidents Closure

• Incidents originating from GARR nodes:
  - must be solved (at least temporarily) in predefined maximum times (according as severity);
  - if it doesn’t happen, GARR-CERT asks the local APM to filter the node on the access router;
  - if the APM doesn’t intervene, GARR-CERT asks the NOC to filter the node on the border router.
  - During year 2000:
    • requests to APMs: ≈ 70;
    • requests to NOC: ≈ 30.

• Incidents originating from non-GARR nodes which don’t answer our mails are usually closed after a predefined time.

• Mails with some details about the actions taken are sent to all involved parties.
Incidents (by type)

From 1/1/2000 to 31/12/2000

Total: 1381
(e-mails handled: 10130)
Incidents (by month)

Root Compromise includes Lan Sniffing and DoS

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