

# Remote Forensic Investigations

(In the Context of COVID-19)

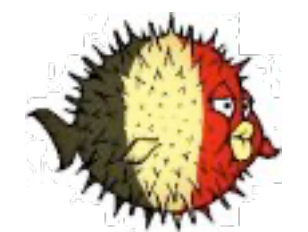
Xavier Mertens | TF-CSIRT #62 | January 2021  
[TLP:White]





# Who's Talking?

- Xavier Mertens (@xme)
- Freelance based in Belgium
- Blueteam
- SANS ISC Senior Handler
- SANS Instructor
- BruCON Co-Organizer



Follow me!

# 20(20|21)...

**... will definitively change our behaviour at all levels.**

**From a business point of view, most of us are working remotely and this should remain a standard...**

**This implies our tools and process have to fulfil new requirements...**



# Friday, 10PM

## Your Phone Rings...

You're on duty... A customer suspects some malicious activity on a computer. The customer is located 500KM away and asks you to perform investigations as soon as possible.

Many incidents occur at the wrong time.

“Everything takes longer than you think.”  
(Murphy's law)



(May, 12 2017 07:44 UTC)

# Forensic 101

**“The goal of computer forensics is to examine digital media in a forensically sound manner with the aim of identifying, preserving, recovering, analyzing and presenting facts and opinions about the digital information.” (Wikipedia)**

- Collect relevant data from the “suspicious” host in safe way
- Basic artefacts
  - Filesystem
  - Memory
  - Registry
- Useful
  - Application data (browsing history, ...)

# Forensic 101

## Toolbox

- Agent-based
  - Encase
  - GRR (Google Rapid Response)
  - MIG (Mozilla InvestiGator)
  - OSQuery, OSSEC
- On-demand
  - SIFT Workstation



# SIFT Workstation

The SIFT Workstation is a group of free open-source incident response and forensic tools designed to perform detailed digital forensic examinations in a variety of settings.

## Shadow Timeline Creation

```
Step 1 – Attach Local or Remote System Drive
# ewfmount system-name.E01 /mnt/ewf

Step 2 – Mount VSS Volume
# cd /mnt/ewf
# vshadowmount ewf1 /mnt/vss

Step 3 – Run fls across ewf1 mounted image
# cd /mnt/ewf
# fls -r -m C: ewf1 >> /cases/vss-
bodyfile

Step 4 – Run fls Across All Snapshot Images
# cd /mnt/vss
# for i in vss*; do fls -r -m C: $i
>> /cases/vss-bodyfile; done

Step 5 – De-Duplicate Bodyfile using sort and uniq
# sort /cases/vss-bodyfile | uniq >
/cases/vss-dedupe-bodyfile

Step 6 – Run mactime Against De-Duplicated Bodyfile
# mactime -d -b /cases/vss-dedupe-
bodyfile -z EST5EDT MM-DD-YYYY..MM-
DD-YYYY > /cases/vss-timeline.csv
```

## Memory Analysis

```
vol.py command -f
/path/to/windows_xp_memory.img --
profile=WinXPSP3x86

[Supported commands]
connscan      Scan for connection objects
files         list of open files process
imagecopy     Convert hibernation file
procdump      Dump process
pslist        list of running processes
sockscan      Scan for socket objects
```

## Sleuthkit Tools

### File System Layer Tools (Partition Information)

```
fsstat -Displays details about the file system
# fsstat imagefile.dd
```

### Data Layer Tools (Block or Cluster)

```
blkcat -Displays the contents of a disk block
# blkcat imagefile.dd block_num

blkls -Lists contents of deleted disk blocks
# blkls imagefile.dd > imagefile.blkls

blkcalc -Maps between dd images and blkls results
# blkcalc imagefile.dd -u blkls_num

blkstat -Display allocation status of block
# blkstat imagefile.dd cluster_number
```

### MetaData Layer Tools (Inode, MFT, or Directory Entry)

```
ils -Displays inode details
# ils imagefile.dd

istat -Displays information about a specific inode
# istat imagefile.dd inode_num

icat -Displays contents of blocks allocated to an inode
# icat imagefile.dd inode_num

ifind -Determine which inode contains a specific block
# ifind imagefile.dd -d block_num
```

### Filename Layer Tools

```
fls -Displays deleted file entries in a directory inode
# fls -rpd imagefile.dd

ffind -Find the filename that using the inode
# ffind imagefile.dd inode_num
```



## Purpose

DFIR Forensic Analysts are on the front lines of computer investigations. This guide aims to support Forensic Analysts in their quest to uncover the truth.

## How To Use This Sheet

When performing an investigation it is helpful to be reminded of the powerful options available to the investigator. This document is aimed to be a reference to the tools that could be used. Each of these commands runs locally on a system.

### ***This sheet is split into these sections:***

- Mounting Images
- Shadow Timeline Creation
- Mounting Volume Shadow Copies
- Memory Analysis
- Recovering Data
- Creating Supert Timelines
- String Searches
- The Sleuthkit
- Stream Extraction

**TIME TO GO HUNTING**

# Requirements

- Easy and quick to deploy
- « Forensically » aware
- Lot of tools preinstalled
- Disk management
- Interaction with users
- Compatible with many systems/networks
- Customers keep control (grant/deny access)
- Low bandwidth usage: process data remotely (just grab evidences)



# Bitscout

**“A customizable Live OS constructor tool almost entirely written in Bash”**

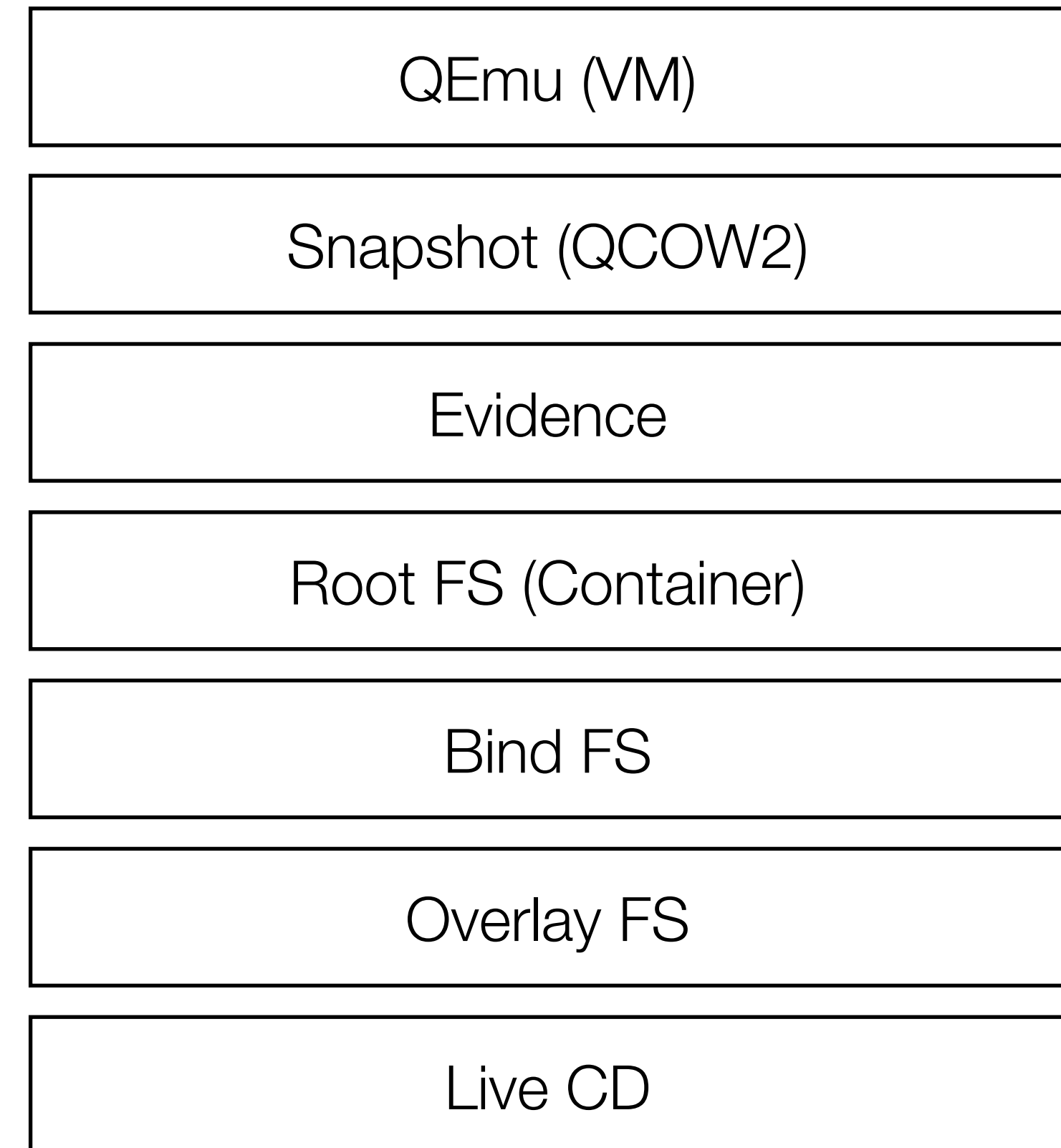
- Live Linux OS
- Simple & customizable at build time
- Extendable at run time
- Minimal system requirements
- Low bandwidth / VPN
- Unprivileged isolated access
- Two roles: “Expert” and “Owner”



# Bitscout

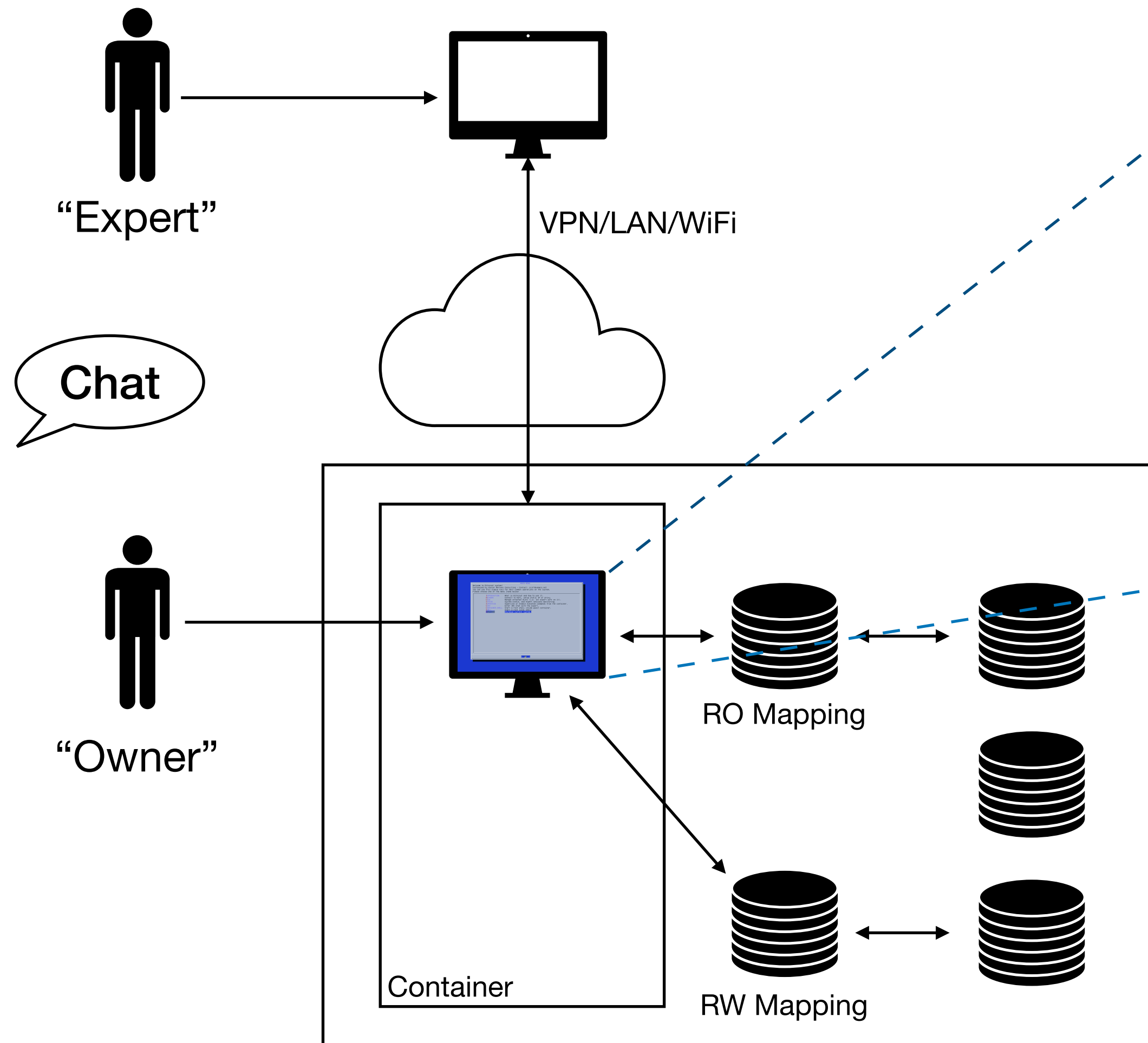
## Key Points

- The “Expert” is root in his/her restricted environment
- Multiple layers
- Access only to authorised resources
- To prevent tampering of evidences





# Bitscout Architecture



```
MAIN MENU
Welcome to Bitscout system!
Customized by Xavier Mertens Consulting - Contact: csirt@xameco.net
You can use this simple tool for most common operations on the system.
Please choose one of the menu items below:

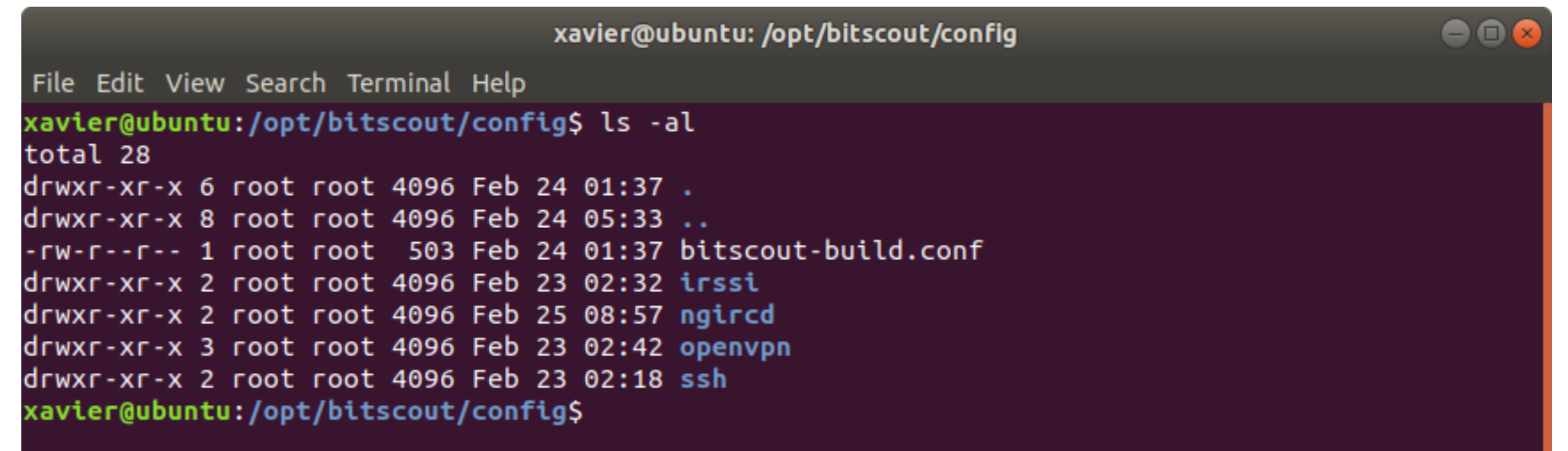
INTRODUCTION  What is Bitscout and how to use it.
NETWORK       Connect to WiFi, setup static IP or proxy.
DISK          Manage attached disks (i.e. let expert work on it).
STATUS        System status, and expert sessions monitoring.
SUPERVISE     Supervise or enable elevated commands from the container.
CHAT          Enter IRC chat with the expert.
CONTAINER-SHELL Start a root shell inside guest container.
SHELL         Start a root local shell.
SHUTDOWN      Shutdown current system.

< OK >
```

# Bitscout

## Configuration & Customisation

- Prepare your personal ISO
- OpenVPN setup
- SSH setup (keys)
- IRC (will never die 😊)



```
xavier@ubuntu: /opt/bitscout/config
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
xavier@ubuntu:/opt/bitscout/config$ ls -al
total 28
drwxr-xr-x 6 root root 4096 Feb 24 01:37 .
drwxr-xr-x 8 root root 4096 Feb 24 05:33 ..
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 503 Feb 24 01:37 bitscout-build.conf
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Feb 23 02:32 irssi
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Feb 25 08:57 ngircd
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 Feb 23 02:42 openvpn
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Feb 23 02:18 ssh
xavier@ubuntu:/opt/bitscout/config$
```

Note: The Expert needs to deploy some servers (VPN, IRC, Syslog, ...)



# Bitscout

## Configuration & Customisation

- Create new Bash scripts  
(Ex: to install your own tools)
- Regenerate the ISO image  
(./automake.sh)
- Make the ISO image available to  
download for your customers

```
xavier@ubuntu: /opt/bitscout
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
xavier@ubuntu:/opt/bitscout/scripts$ ls
casper_findlivefs_fix.sh          chroot_install_userchoice.sh
casper_integritycheck_fix.sh     chroot_postdownload_setup.sh
casper_writeblocker.sh          chrootscreen_end.sh
chroot_add_managementtool.sh     chrootscreen_start.sh
chroot_configure_irc.sh          deb_pack.sh
chroot_configure_openvpn.sh      deb_unpack.sh
chroot_configure.sh              export_generate.sh
chroot_configure_ssh.sh          functions
chroot_configure_syslog.sh       image_build-nosquashfs-rebuild.sh
chroot_create_container.sh       image_build.sh
chroot_create_user.sh            image_prebuild_cleanup.sh
chroot_devel_enter.sh            image_prepare.sh
chroot_download.sh              initrd_pack.sh
chroot_enter_devel.sh            initrd_unpack.sh
chroot_enter.sh                  nspawn_container_spawn.sh
chroot_install_base.sh           nspawn_enter.sh
chroot_install_custom.sh         nspawn_session.exp
chroot_install_forensics_extra.sh skeleton.sh
chroot_install_forensics.sh      submodules_fetch.sh
chroot_install_kernel.sh         welcome.sh
chroot_install_remoteaccess.sh
xavier@ubuntu:/opt/bitscout/scripts$ cd ..
xavier@ubuntu:/opt/bitscout$ ./automake.sh
```

# Bitscout

## Boot

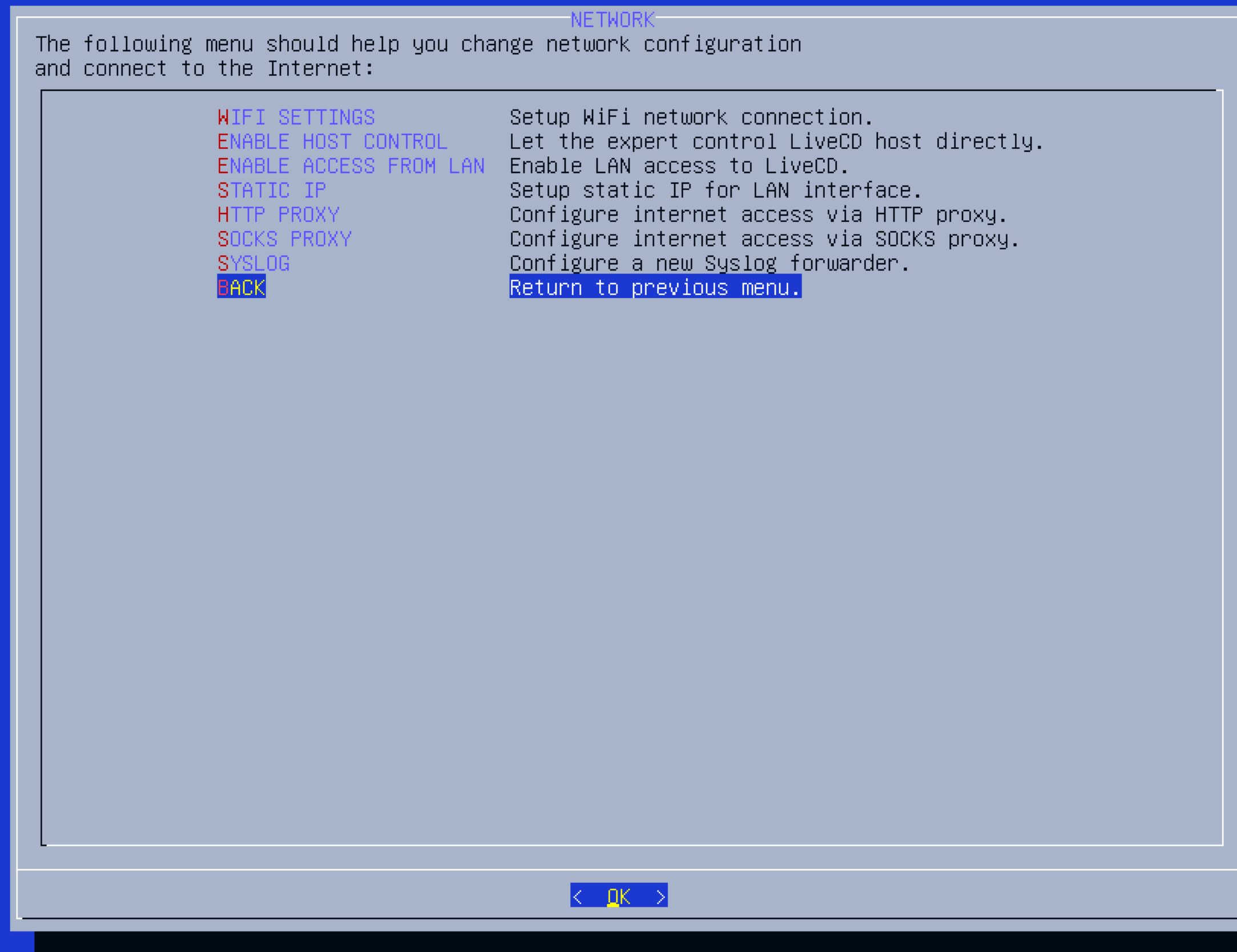
- Burn a CD
- Or generate a USB stick
- Or add to a datastore and boot a VM (create a temporary VM and assigned the suspicious .vmdk)
- Internet access required!  
(DNS & UDP/1194)





# Bitscout

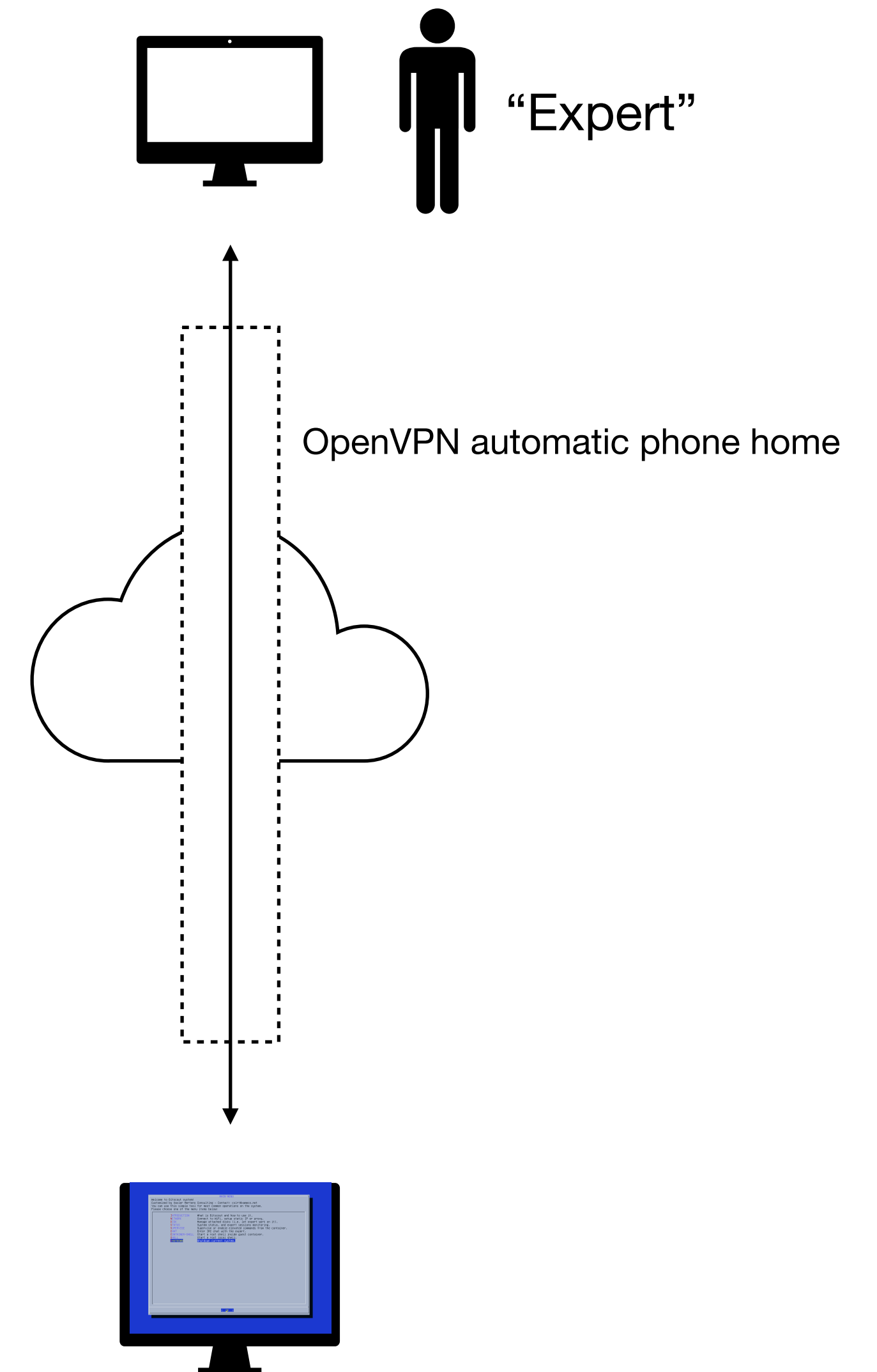
## Network Setup



Container

RW Mapping

```
ssh -i .ssh/csirt user@bitscout.vpn.company.com
```



# Bitscout

## Disk Management

```
BLOCK DEVICES VIEW
NAME FSTYPE LABEL UUID FSAVAIL FSUSE% MOUNTPOINT
sda
├─sda1 ntfs System Reserved E48864298863F886
└─sda2 ntfs 44CC68F3CC68E0A2
-----EXISTING MAPPINGS-----
< OK >
```



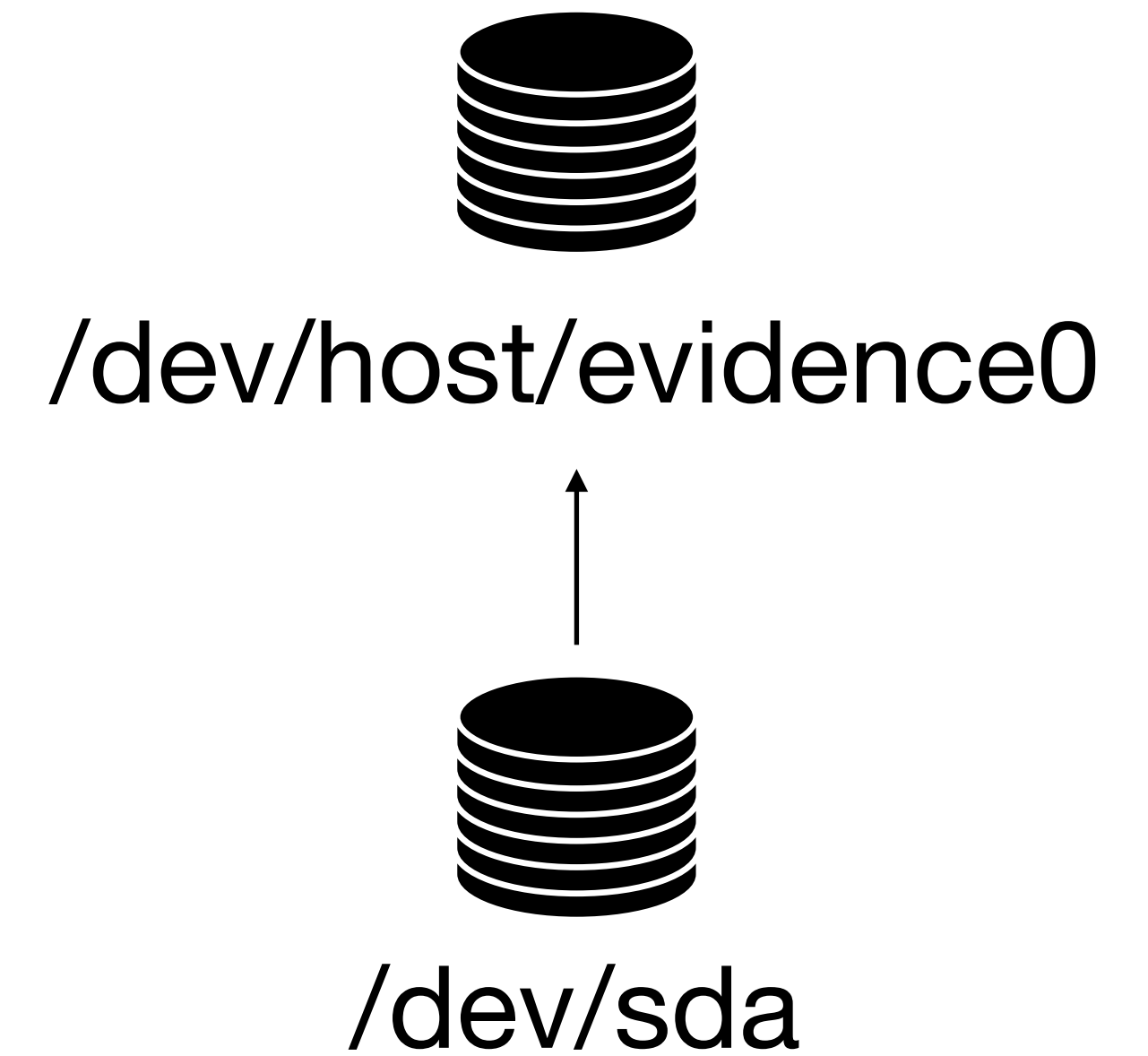


# Bitscout

## Disk Management

```
BLOCK DEVICES VIEW
NAME FSTYPE LABEL UUID FSAVAIL FSUSE% MOUNTPOINT
sda
├─sda1 ntfs System Reserved E48864298863F886
└─sda2 ntfs 44CC68F3CC68E0A2
-----EXISTING MAPPINGS-----
/dev/sda2 => evidence0
```

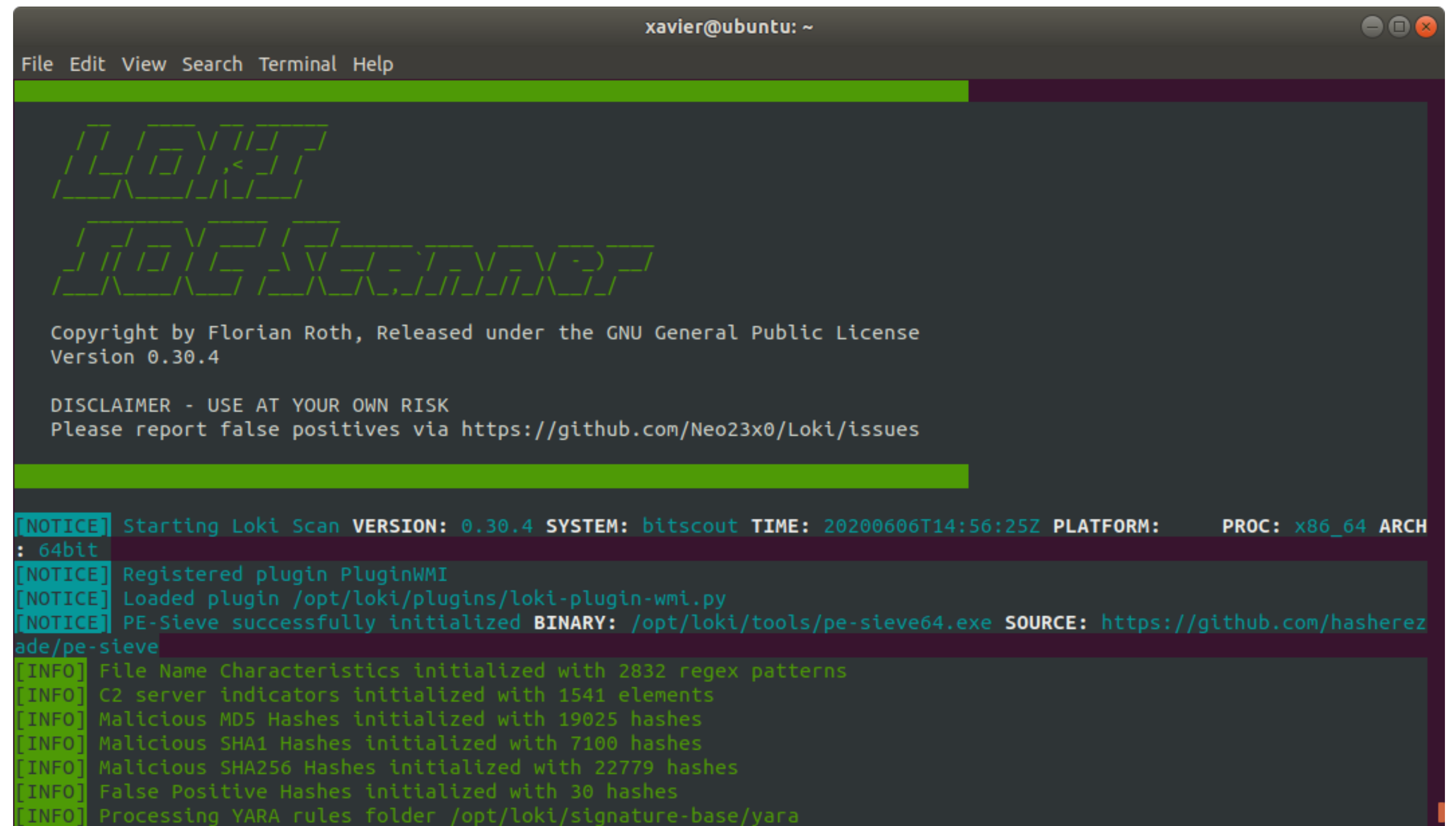
< OK >



# Investigation

## Classic Disk Tools

- Mount your filesystems
- Use classic tools
  - Loki
  - BulkExtractor
  - Log2Timeline
  - ...(\*)



```
xavier@ubuntu: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help

LOKI
LOGS

Copyright by Florian Roth, Released under the GNU General Public License
Version 0.30.4

DISCLAIMER - USE AT YOUR OWN RISK
Please report false positives via https://github.com/Neo23x0/Loki/issues

[NOTICE] Starting Loki Scan VERSION: 0.30.4 SYSTEM: bitscout TIME: 20200606T14:56:25Z PLATFORM: PROC: x86_64 ARCH: 64bit
[NOTICE] Registered plugin PluginWMI
[NOTICE] Loaded plugin /opt/loki/plugins/loki-plugin-wmi.py
[NOTICE] PE-Sieve successfully initialized BINARY: /opt/loki/tools/pe-sieve64.exe SOURCE: https://github.com/hasherezade/pe-sieve
[INFO] File Name Characteristics initialized with 2832 regex patterns
[INFO] C2 server indicators initialized with 1541 elements
[INFO] Malicious MD5 Hashes initialized with 19025 hashes
[INFO] Malicious SHA1 Hashes initialized with 7100 hashes
[INFO] Malicious SHA256 Hashes initialized with 22779 hashes
[INFO] False Positive Hashes initialized with 30 hashes
[INFO] Processing YARA rules folder /opt/loki/signature-base/yara
```

(\*) Install and use your preferred tools

# Investigation

## Working with a Live System

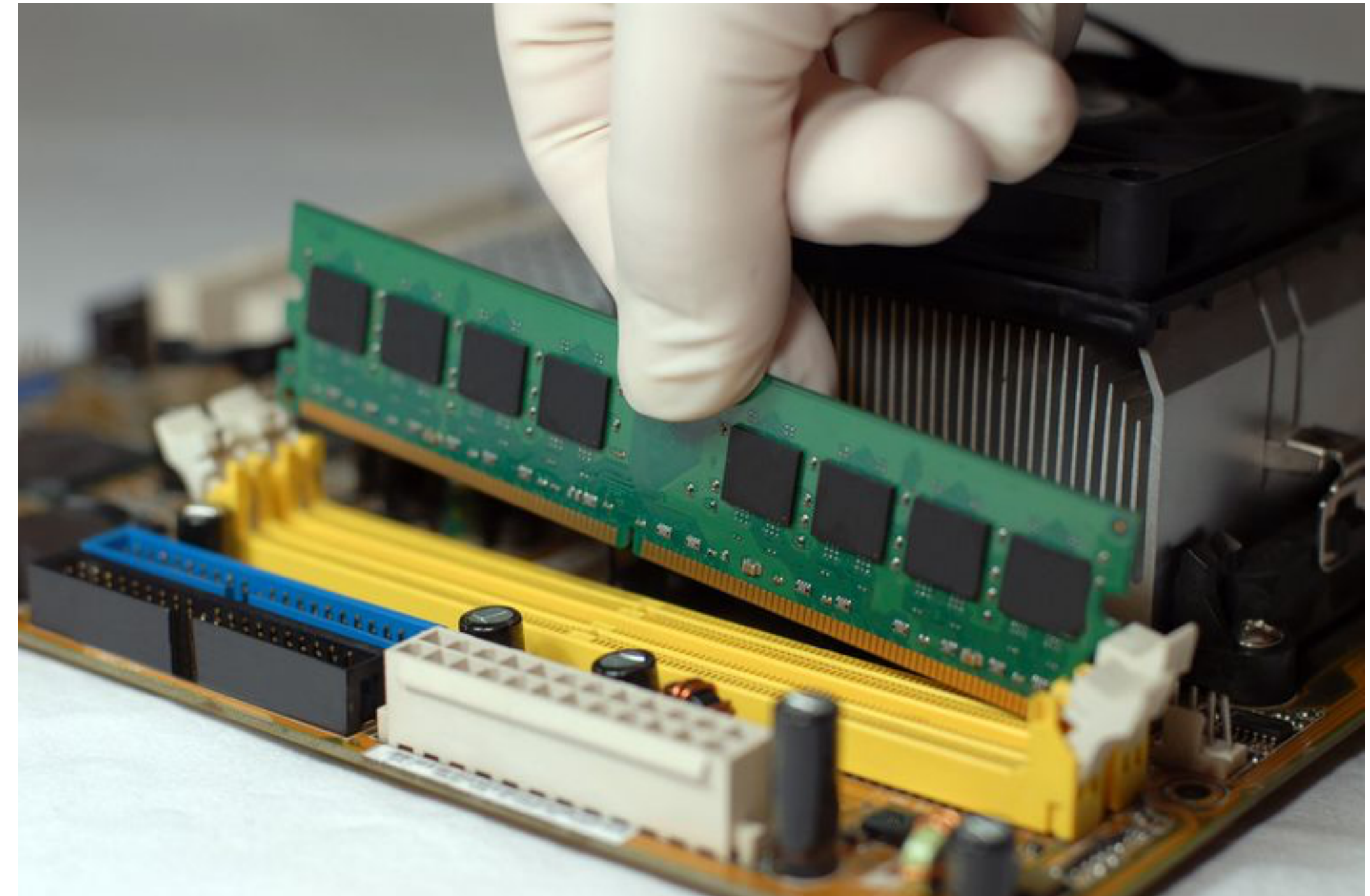
- Sometimes, working on a live system is easier
- Again, evidences must be preserved
- QEmu (available on the Live CD) to the rescue!
- Let's boot the infected/suspicious system in two steps:
  1. Create a snapshot of the mapped disk
  2. Boot the VM using the snapshot as main storage



# Investigation

## Memory Analysis

- Memory analysis is a key location for artefacts
- Performing memory acquisition is a pain because
  - Memory size is bigger (32GB is common even for a laptop)
  - Tools not user friendly



(Memory acquisition as seen by end-users)

# Need for More Tools?

## Installation of Extra Tools

- Sometimes, Windows tools are required (ex: Sysinternals)
- QEmu to the rescue again!
- Boot the VM with a SMB share emulated through QEmu
- Copy files on the mount directory
- Enjoy!

# Other Features

## Chat between Owner & Expert

- Communication is key!
- Safe channel through the VPN
- IRC server operated by the Expert (Docker)

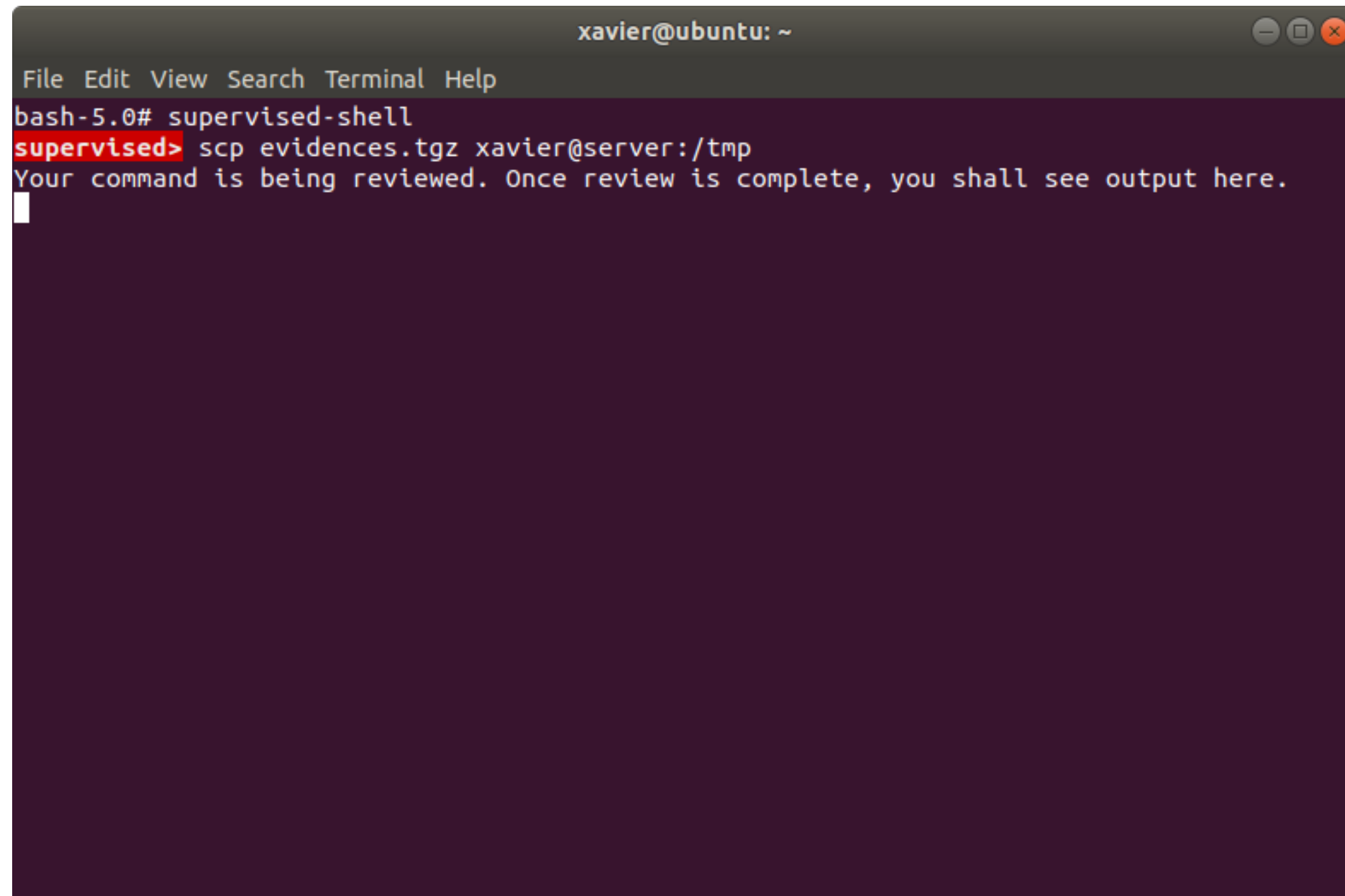
```
Remote operation channel
08:10 -!- owner [~owner@bitscout.vpn.rootshell.be] has joined #csirt
08:10 -!- Topic for #csirt: Remote operation channel
08:10 -!- Topic set by -Server- [] [Tue May 19 11:55:53 2020]
08:10 [Users #csirt]
08:10 [ owner]
08:10 -!- Irssi: #csirt: Total of 1 nicks [0 ops, 0 halfops, 0 voices, 1 normal]
08:10 -!- Channel #csirt created Tue May 19 11:55:53 2020
08:10 -!- Irssi: Join to #csirt was synced in 7 secs
08:10 < owner> Hi!
08:10 < owner> May I reboot the server?

[08:11] [owner(+)] [2:csirt/#csirt(+P)] [Act: 1]
[#csirt] _
```

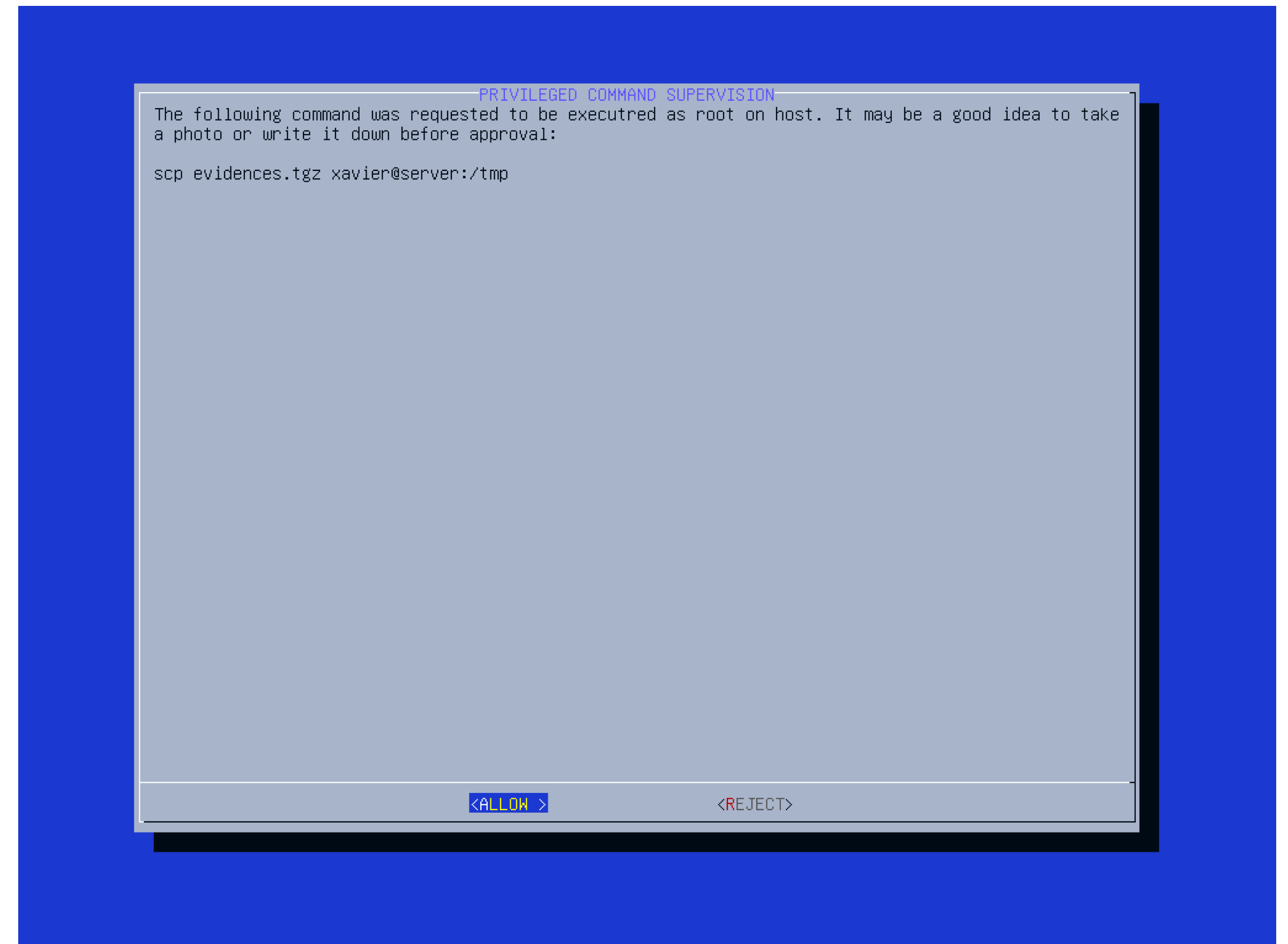


# Other Features

## Sensitive Command Approval



```
xavier@ubuntu: ~  
File Edit View Search Terminal Help  
bash-5.0# supervised-shell  
supervised> scp evidences.tgz xavier@server:/tmp  
Your command is being reviewed. Once review is complete, you shall see output here.  
|
```



# Data Transfer

## The Power of SSH

- Transfert data to Expert's system

On Expert's system:

```
# nc -l -p 5555 >evidence0.dd.gz
```

```
# ssh -i .ssh/csirt -R 5555:127.0.0.1:5555 user@bitscout.vpn.rootshell.be
```

On BitScout:

```
# cat /dev/host/evidence0 | gzip -9 -c | nc 127.0.0.1:5555
```

- Define a proxy to download through the VPN

On Expert's system:

```
# ssh -i .ssh/csirt -R 3128:192.168.254.8:3128 user@bitscout.vpn.rootshell.be
```

On BitScout:

```
# export http_proxy=http://127.0.0.1:3128
```

# Bitscout

## Credits

- Bitscout is developed and maintained by Vitaly Kamluk (@vkamluk)
- I'm a simple contributor to the project
- Want to try it / use it? <https://github.com/vitaly-kamluk/bitscout>



**Thank You!**

**Q&A**

**! or ?**